The Coroners' Court – The 'Golden Rules' of The Jurisdiction

Russell Kennedy Government CPD Series 2024

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Webinar housekeeping

- All attendees will be on mute and their cameras turned off for the entire webinar.
- We have BD tech support live to assist with any technical issues.
- Use the chat function for any comments/technical issues.
- Use the Q&A function for specific questions related to the webinar content - Questions will be addressed at the end of the webinar.
- There will be a post webinar survey link sent at the end of the webinar.
 We value attendee feedback. Presentation slides will also be sent to all attendees.
- We will also have a QR code linking to our feedback survey towards the end of the presentation so you can provide instant feedback.

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Disclaimer

The information contained in this presentation is intended as general commentary and should not be regarded as legal advice. Should you require specific advice on the topics or areas discussed please contact the presenter directly.



3

Introduction





What this doesn't cover

- ➤ A line by line summary of the *Coroners Act 2008*.
- ➤ A description about the Coroner's role and what the Coroner's Court does.



Instead

- These are some of the odd but true things we have observed over the years working for Government agencies and departments and others in the Coronial jurisdiction.
- For new clients we will often explain why we recommend things based on a number of 'golden rules' or commandments (because there are 10).



Rule 1: Whenever a Coroner says 'with the benefit of hindsight' those words will from that moment forth have no meaning



- As much as Coroners say they aren't looking at this with the benefit of hindsight

 they are, they must, they will.
- Our job is put the Coroner (and the family) in the head of the decision maker.
- The more we do that, the less the 'retrospectoscope' can distort the picture that is being viewed.





Rule 2: No matter how much you want to, it never helps to point out a stupid thing the dead person did that led to the dead person being dead



- The only thing that is fixed on the playing board is the trajectory of the deceased.
- ➤ It will feel like everything else can be shifted but the deceased's actions will be locked in place.
- An Inquest (and investigation) can often seem like a game of pin the tail on the person in authority.



Rule 3: Like nature, a Coroner abhors a vacuum



- Coroners are suspicious about absences
 detail is always good because it suggests complete disclosure.
- ➤ If we are in a position to identify problems and correct them it reflects better on our department or agency than if the Coroner makes those findings without our input.
- Once something has been built/established/properly worked through it is tempting to leave it to give it a chance to work (if it is not broken don't fix it)

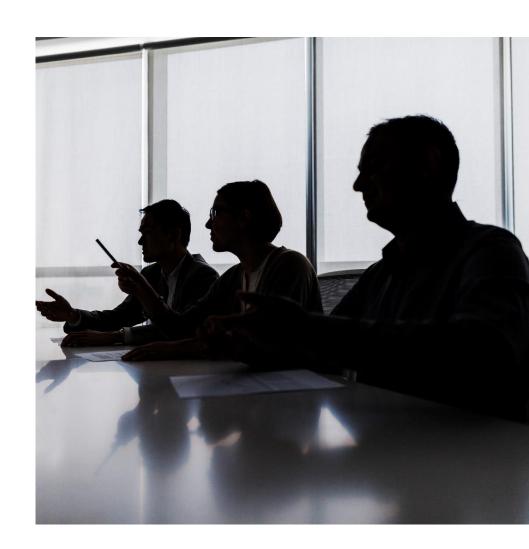


Rule 4: Less is often more



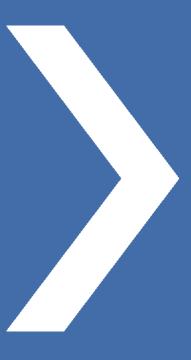


- Often Counsel assisting will do much of the work
- Keeping a low profile is generally good practice.
- Marshalling government documents and resources will occupy more time than you think.
- Be careful to work with the Coroner's solicitor/Counsel assisting and make contact early



14

Rule 5: Concede to succeed





- ➤ A sensible concession will often change the vibe of an Inquest.
- This often encourages a focus on systems rather than individuals.
- Concessions assist the Coroner in carrying out the therapeutic role of the office and can protect your witnesses/key personnel.
- A expression of regret or apology can also be very important for grieving family





16

Rule 6: The government witness least in danger is the witness that is the greatest danger to your case



➤ Generally, the witnesses at the core of the case will do a good job. They have 'skin in the game' and a reputation to protect.

Peripheral witnesses on the other hand, often won't read their statements, will freestyle and often introduce inconsistencies that harm collective credit.

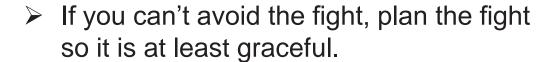


Rule 7: Nothing attracts a Coroner's attention like government departments 'going' other departments or agencies



Avoid if you can.

➤ Telegraph your punches, communicate early and candidly (with full buy in from your stakeholders.)



➤ A public statutory authority gets a reply – the staff don't (other through the public statutory authority).





Rule 8: Fair and efficient are not always the same thing





- ➤ The Victorian Coroners Court has been dogged by long delays.
- Summary inquests and chambers findings are a way of reducing these.
- Often Coroners will encourage for criticism by concession.
- ➤ There are opportunities to use this process to prevent criticism and to avoid the need for an Inquests.



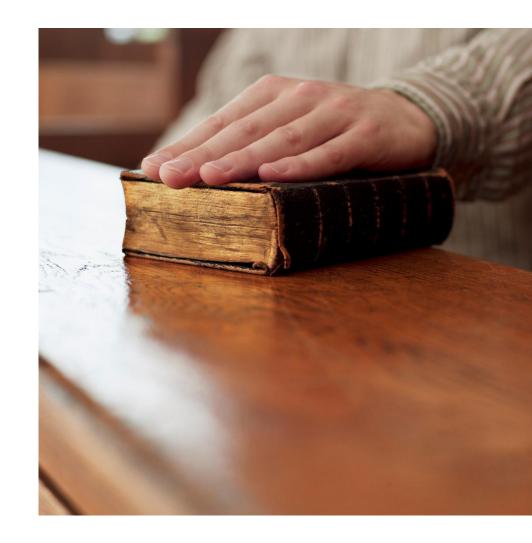


Rule 9: No matter is said Coroners will often not want to hear from the witnesses in the centre of things



- ➤ The Coroners Act 2008 introduced the section 57 certificate to encourage key personnel to give their account.
- Often, despite that, those witnesses will be often be encouraged not to give evidence.

➤ It is a powerful thing for a witness to give oral evidence – particularly where combined with a concession.



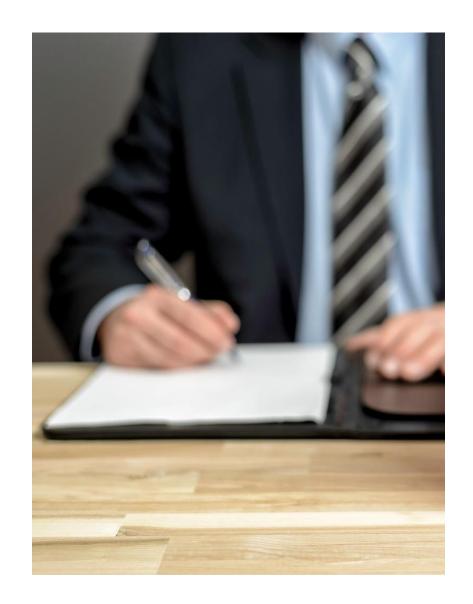


Rule 10: Grief (and pro-bono legal assistance) does funny things to people and a Coroner will probably allow it



> There seems no limit on the circumstances where parties will seek to criticise decision makers, departmental staff or officers.

- Preparing witnesses for 'scatter-gun' attacks on government employees or officers is prudent.
- > Focus on explaining the rationale for the decisions that were made and save the rebuttal for submissions.





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